# Hydronet Base, Hydronet Ricarica
## Safety Data Sheet

**SECTION 1: Identification**

1. **Product identifier**
   - **Product form**: Mixture
   - **Product name**: Hydronet Base, Hydronet Ricarica

2. **Recommended use and restrictions on use**
   - Acidic degreaser, phosphoric acid-based

3. **Supplier**
   - SOPRIN S.r.l.
   - Via dell'Industria 106
   - 31052 Maserada Sul Piave (TV) - Italy
   - T (+39) 0422 521025 - F (+39) 0422 521060
   - soprin@soprin.it (Alessandro Padovan)

4. **Emergency telephone number**
   - Emergency number: CHEMTREC 800 424 9300

**SECTION 2: Hazard identification**

1. **Classification of the substance or mixture**
   - **Classification (GHS-US/CAN)**
     - Met. Corr.: H290
     - Skin Corr.: H314
     - Eye Dam.: H318
   - Full text of classification categories and H statements: see section 16

2. **Label elements**
   - **GHS-US/CAN labeling**
     - **Signal word**: Danger
     - **Hazard pictograms**: ![GHS05]
     - **Hazard statements**: H290 - May be corrosive to metals
     - **Precautionary statements**:
       - P234 - Keep only in original container
       - P260 - Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray
       - P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling
       - P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection
       - P301+P330+P331 - If swallowed: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting
       - P303+P361+P353 - If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower
       - P304+P340 - If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing
       - P305+P351+P338 - If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing
       - P310 - Immediately call a poison center/doctor
       - P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse
       - P390 - Absorb spillage to prevent material damage
       - P405 - Store locked up
       - P406 - Store in corrosive resistant container with a resistant inner liner
       - P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

3. **Other hazards**
   - No additional information available

4. **Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)**
   - Not applicable

**SECTION 3: Composition/Information on ingredients**

1. **Substances**
   - Not applicable

2. **Mixtures**
   - Not applicable
Hydronet Base, Hydronet Ricarica
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**SECTION 4: First-aid measures**

4.1. **Description of first aid measures**

First-aid measures after inhalation: Get medical advice/attention immediately. Remove victim to fresh air, away from the accident scene. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Take suitable precautions for rescue workers.

First-aid measures after skin contact: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Get medical advice/attention.

First-aid measures after eye contact: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 30-60 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. Get medical advice/attention.

First-aid measures after ingestion: Have the subject drink as much water as possible. Get medical advice/attention. Do not induce vomiting unless explicitly authorized by a doctor.

4.2. **Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed**

Symptoms/injuries after inhalation: Possible vapours are caustic for the respiratory system and may cause pulmonary edema, whose symptoms sometimes arise only after some hours. Exposure symptoms may include: stinging, cough, asthma, laryngitis, respiratory disorders, headache, nausea and sickness.

Symptoms/injuries after skin contact: This product is corrosive and causes abrasions of skin surface, accompanied by rubefaction, warmth and sting. In the most serious cases, small vesicles appear, which cause strong sting and pain.

Symptoms/injuries after eye contact: Upon contact with eyes, may cause serious harm, such as cornea opacity, iris lesions, irreversible eye coloration.

Symptoms/injuries after ingestion: May cause mouth, throat and esophagus burns; sickness, diarrhoea, edema, larynx swelling and, consequently, asphyxia. Perforation of the gastro-intestinal tract is also possible.

4.3. **Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**

No additional information available

**SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

5.1. **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing media: Carbon dioxide, foam, powder and water spray.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: None.

5.2. **Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture**

Fire hazard: None.

Explosion hazard: None known.

5.3. **Advice for firefighters**

Firefighting instructions: Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

Protection during firefighting: Firefighters should wear full protective gear.

**SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

6.1. **Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Wear appropriate protective equipment. Send away individuals who are not suitably equipped. Use breathing equipment if fumes or powders are released into the air. Block the leakage if there is no hazard. Do not handle damaged containers or the leaked product before donning appropriate protective gear.

6.1.2. For emergency responders

No additional information available

6.2. **Environmental precautions**

Avoid release to the environment.
6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment:
- Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk.

Methods for cleaning up:
- Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material. Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Check incompatibility for container material in section 7. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

No additional information available

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling:
- Ensure that there is an adequate earthing system for the equipment and personnel. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Do not breathe powders, vapours or mists. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Wash hands after use. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions:
- Store only in the original container. Store in a ventilated and dry place, far away from sources of ignition. Keep containers well sealed. Keep the product in clearly labelled containers. Avoid overheating. Avoid violent blows. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Hydrochloric acid (7647-01-0)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Country/Region</th>
<th>Standard Type</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>USA - ACGIH</td>
<td>ACGIH Ceiling (ppm)</td>
<td>2 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>USA - OSHA</td>
<td>OSHA PEL (Ceiling) (mg/m³)</td>
<td>7 mg/m³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>USA - OSHA</td>
<td>OSHA PEL (Ceiling) (ppm)</td>
<td>5 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Canada (Quebec)</td>
<td>PLAFOND (mg/m³)</td>
<td>7.5 mg/m³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Canada (Quebec)</td>
<td>PLAFOND (ppm)</td>
<td>5 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alberta</td>
<td>OEL Ceiling (mg/m³)</td>
<td>3 mg/m³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alberta</td>
<td>OEL Ceiling (ppm)</td>
<td>2 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>British Columbia</td>
<td>OEL Ceiling (ppm)</td>
<td>2 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Manitoba</td>
<td>OEL Ceiling (ppm)</td>
<td>2 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New Brunswick</td>
<td>OEL Ceiling (mg/m³)</td>
<td>7.5 mg/m³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New Brunswick</td>
<td>OEL Ceiling (ppm)</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>New Foundland &amp; Labrador</td>
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<tr>
<td>Nova Scotia</td>
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<td>Saskatchewan</td>
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<tr>
<td>Yukon</td>
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<td>5 ppm</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Phosphoric acid (7664-38-2)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Country/Region</th>
<th>Standard Type</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>USA - ACGIH</td>
<td>ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)</td>
<td>1 mg/m³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>USA - ACGIH</td>
<td>ACGIH STEL (mg/m³)</td>
<td>3 mg/m³</td>
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<tr>
<td>USA - OSHA</td>
<td>OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)</td>
<td>1 mg/m³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Canada (Quebec)</td>
<td>VECO (mg/m³)</td>
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<tr>
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<td>VEMP (mg/m³)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Manitoba</td>
<td>OEL TWA (mg/m³)</td>
<td>1 mg/m³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New Brunswick</td>
<td>OEL STEL (mg/m³)</td>
<td>3 mg/m³</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
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8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls: Local exhaust and general ventilation must be adequate to meet exposure standards.
Hand protection: Use impervious gloves such as neoprene, nitrile, or rubber for hand protection.
Eye protection: Wear protective airtight goggles.
Skin and body protection: Wear suitable working clothes.
Respiratory protection: If airborne concentrations are above the applicable exposure limits, use NIOSH approved respiratory protection.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state: Liquid
Color: brown
Odor: slightly pungent
Odor threshold: No data available
pH: < 1
Melting point: < -5 °C
Freezing point: No data available
Boiling point: No data available
Flash point: > 100 °C
Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1): No data available
Flammability (solid, gas): No data available
Explosion limits: No data available
Explosive properties: No data available
Oxidizing properties: No data available
Vapor pressure: No data available
Relative density Hydronet Base: 1130 kg/m³
Relative density Hydronet Ricarica: 1120 kg/m³
Relative vapor density at 20 °C: No data available
Solubility: Soluble in water
Log Pow: No data available
Auto-ignition temperature: No data available
Decomposition temperature: No data available
Viscosity: No data available
Viscosity, kinematic: No data available
Viscosity, dynamic: No data available

9.2. Other information

No additional information available
### SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

#### 10.1. Reactivity
No additional information available

#### 10.2. Chemical stability
The product is stable at normal handling and storage conditions.

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions
Will not occur.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid
None.

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials
HYDROCHLORIC ACID: alkalis, organic substances, strong oxidants and metals.
PHOSPHORIC ACID: Metals, strong alkalis, aldehydes, sulphides and peroxides.

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products
HYDROCHLORIC ACID: above decomposition temperature hydrochloric acid fumes may develop.
PHOSPHORIC ACID: phosphorus oxide.

### SECTION 11: Toxicological information

#### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Effect</th>
<th>Classification</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Acute toxicity (oral)</td>
<td>Not classified</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acute toxicity (dermal)</td>
<td>Not classified</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acute toxicity (inhalation)</td>
<td>Not classified</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Hydrochloric acid (7647-01-0)**

- LD50 oral rat: 238 - 277 mg/kg
- LD50 dermal rabbit: > 5010 mg/kg
- LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l): 1.68 mg/l (Exposure time: 1 h)

**Phosphoric acid (7664-38-2)**

- LD50 oral rat: 1530 mg/kg
- LD50 dermal rabbit: 2740 mg/kg
- LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l): > 850 mg/m³ (Exposure time: 1 h)

**Skin corrosion/irritation**

- Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
  - pH: < 1

**Serious eye damage/irritation**

- Causes serious eye damage.
  - pH: < 1

**Respiratory or skin sensitization**

- Not classified

**Germ cell mutagenicity**

- Not classified

**Carcinogenicity**

- Not classified

**Hydrochloric acid (7647-01-0)**

- IARC group: 3 - Not classifiable

**Reproductive toxicity**

- Not classified

**Specific target organ toxicity – single exposure**

- Not classified

**Specific target organ toxicity – repeated exposure**

- Not classified

**Aspiration hazard**

- Not classified

### SECTION 12: Ecological information

#### 12.1. Toxicity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Effect</th>
<th>Classification</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Aquatic acute</td>
<td>Not classified</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aquatic chronic</td>
<td>Not classified</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

No additional information available

#### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

No additional information available
### 12.4. Mobility in soil

No additional information available

### 12.5. Other adverse effects

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ozone</th>
<th>Not classified</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

**Hydrochloric acid (7647-01-0)**

| 1990 Hazardous Air Pollutant (Clean Air Act) | Yes |

### SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

#### 13.1. Disposal methods

Product/Packaging disposal recommendations: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

### SECTION 14: Transport information

#### 14.1. Basic shipping description

In accordance with TDG

**TDG**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>UN-No. (TDG)</th>
<th>UN3264</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Packing group</td>
<td>II - Medium Danger</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TDG Primary Hazard Classes</td>
<td>8 - Class 8 - Corrosives</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transport document description</td>
<td>UN3264 CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. (Phosphoric acid, Hydrochloric acid), 8, II</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Proper Shipping Name (TDG)</td>
<td>CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. Phosphoric acid, Hydrochloric acid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hazard labels (TDG)</td>
<td>8 - Corrosive substances</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**TDG Special Provisions**

1. The technical name of the most dangerous substance related to the primary class must be shown, in parentheses, on the shipping document in accordance with clause 3.5(1)(c)(i)(A) of Part 3, Documentation. The technical name must also be shown, in parentheses, on a small means of containment or on a tag following the shipping name in accordance with subsections 4.11(2) and (3) of Part 4, Dangerous Goods Safety Marks.

2. The technical name for the following dangerous goods is not required to be shown on a shipping document or on a small means of containment when Canadian law for domestic transport or an international convention for international transport prohibits the disclosure of the technical:
   - a) UN1544, ALKALOID SALTS, SOLID, N.O.S. or ALKALOIDS, SOLID, N.O.S.;
   - b) UN1851, MEDICINE, LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S.;
   - c) UN3140, ALKALOID SALTS, LIQUID, N.O.S. or ALKALOIDS, LIQUID, N.O.S.;
   - d) UN3248, MEDICINE, LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, TOXIC, N.O.S.;
   - e) UN3249, MEDICINE, SOLID, TOXIC, N.O.S. — An example in Canada is the "Food and Drugs Act".

**Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index**

| : 1 L |
| Exempted quantities (TDG) | E2 |
| Passenger Carrying Road Vehicle or Passenger Carrying Railway Vehicle Index | 1 L |

#### 14.2. Transport information/DOT

**DOT**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DOT NA no.</th>
<th>UN3264</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>UN-No.(DOT)</td>
<td>3264</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Packing group (DOT)</td>
<td>II - Medium Danger</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DOT Symbols</td>
<td>G - Identifies PSN requiring a technical name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transport document description</td>
<td>UN3264 Corrosive liquid, acidic, inorganic, n.o.s. (Phosphoric acid, Hydrochloric acid), 8, II</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Proper Shipping Name (DOT)</td>
<td>Corrosive liquid, acidic, inorganic, n.o.s. (Phosphoric acid, Hydrochloric acid)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Contains Statement Field Selection (DOT)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Class (DOT)</td>
<td>8 - Class 8 - Corrosive material 49 CFR 173.136</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Division (DOT)</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Hazard labels (DOT) : 8 - Corrosive

Dangerous for the environment : No

DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102) : B2 - Authorized IBCs: Metal (31A, 31B and 31N); Rigid plastics (31H1 and 31H2); Composite (31HZ1). Additional Requirement: Only liquids with a vapor pressure less than or equal to 110 kPa at 50 C (1.1 bar at 122 F), or 130 kPa at 55 C (1.3 bar at 131 F) are authorized.
T11 - 6 178.274(d)(2) Normal............. 178.275(d)(3) TP2 - a. The maximum degree of filling must not exceed the degree of filling determined by the following: (image) Where: tr is the maximum mean bulk temperature during transport, tf is the temperature in degrees celsius of the liquid during filling, and a is the mean coefficient of cubical expansion of the liquid between the mean temperature of the liquid during filling (tf) and the maximum mean bulk temperature during transportation (tr) both in degrees celsius. b. For liquids transported under ambient conditions may be calculated using the formula: (image) Where: d15 and d50 are the densities (in units of mass per unit volume) of the liquid at 15 C (59 F) and 50 C (122 F), respectively.
TP27 - A portable tank having a minimum test pressure of 4 bar (400 kPa) may be used provided the calculated test pressure is 4 bar or less based on the MAWP of the hazardous material, as defined in 178.275 of this subchapter, where the test pressure is 1.5 times the MAWP.

DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 154
DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 202
DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 242
DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail (49 CFR 173.27) : 1 L
DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 CFR 175.75) : 30 L
DOT Vessel Stowage Location : B - (i) The material may be stowed “on deck” or “under deck” on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel carrying a number of passengers limited to not more than the larger of 25 passengers, or one passenger per each 3 m of overall vessel length; and (ii) “On deck only” on passenger vessels in which the number of passengers specified in paragraph (k)(2)(i) of this section is exceeded.
DOT Vessel Stowage Other : 40 - Stow “clear of living quarters”
Other information : No supplementary information available.

14.3. Air and sea transport

IMDG
UN-No. (IMDG) : 3264
Proper Shipping Name (IMDG) : CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S.
Transport document description (IMDG) : UN 3264 CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. (Phosphoric acid, Hydrochloric acid), 8, II
Class (IMDG) : 8 - Corrosive substances
Packing group (IMDG) : II - substances presenting medium danger

IATA
UN-No. (IATA) : 3264
Proper Shipping Name (IATA) : Corrosive liquid, acidic, inorganic, n.o.s.
Transport document description (IATA) : UN 3264 Corrosive liquid, acidic, inorganic, n.o.s. (Phosphoric acid, Hydrochloric acid), 8, II
Class (IATA) : 8 - Corrosives
Packing group (IATA) : II - Medium Danger

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Canada National regulations
Hydrochloric acid (7647-01-9)
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)
Phosphoric acid (7664-38-2)
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

15.2. US Federal regulations
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**Hydrochloric acid (7647-01-0)**
- Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory
- Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section 313

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SARA Section 302 Threshold Planning Quantity (TPQ)</th>
<th>500 lb (gas only)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting</td>
<td>1.0 % (acid aerosols including mists, vapors, gas, fog, and other airborne forms of any particle size)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Phosphoric acid (7664-38-2)**
- Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

**Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), .alpha.-.(2-propyloxy)-.omega.-.hydroxy- (160875-66-1)**
- Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

15.3. US State regulations

**Hydrochloric acid (7647-01-0)**
- U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List
- U.S. - Minnesota - Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

**Phosphoric acid (7664-38-2)**
- U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List
- U.S. - Minnesota - Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

**SECTION 16: Other information**

Full text of H-phrases:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>H290</th>
<th>May be corrosive to metals</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>H314</td>
<td>Causes severe skin burns and eye damage</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H318</td>
<td>Causes serious eye damage</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H331</td>
<td>Toxic if inhaled</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.